



Structure and Rheology of Surfactant Solutions

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Sponsors: Procter and Gamble, NSF

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Taraknath Mandal



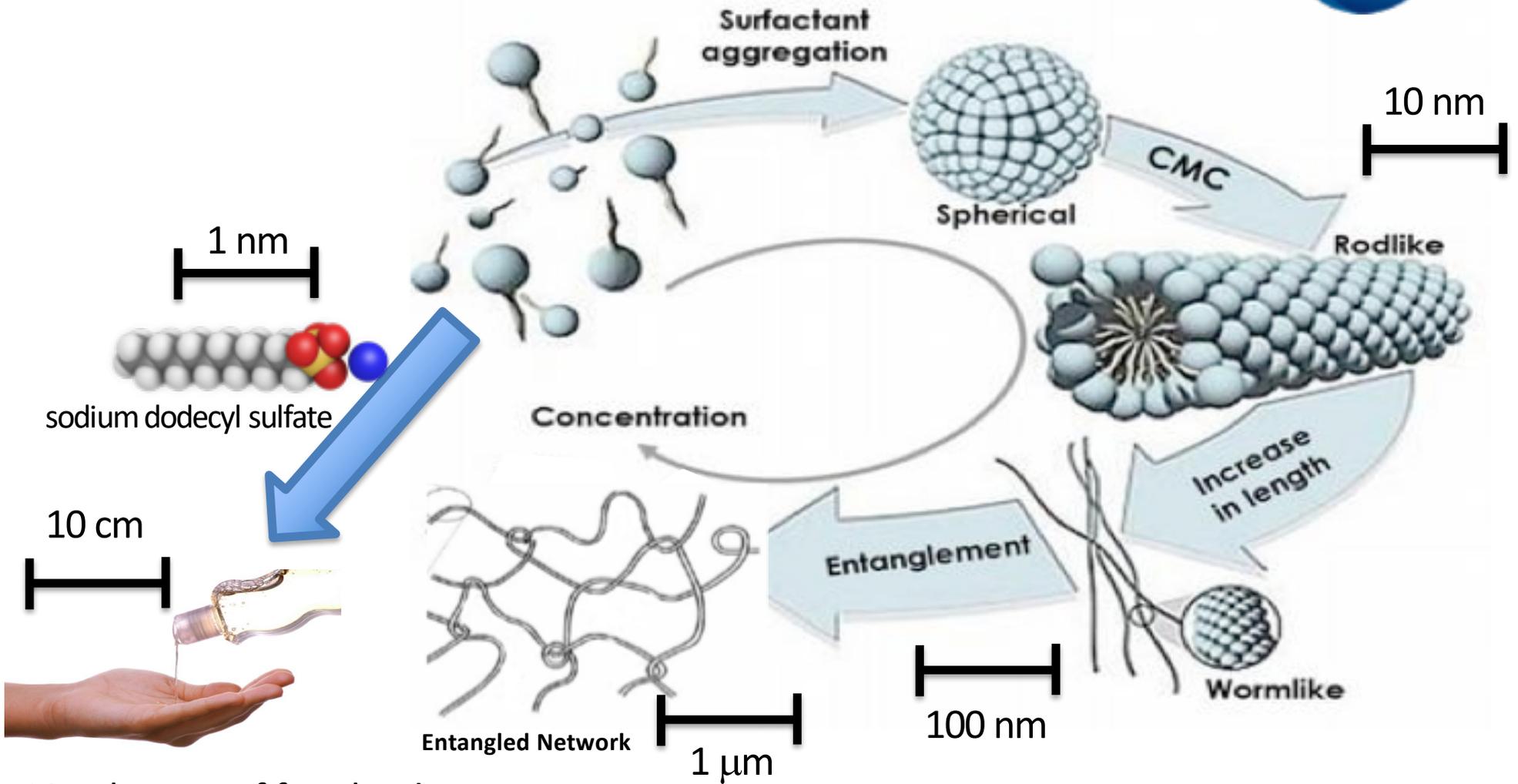
Peter Koenig



Mike Weaver



The Challenge of Multiple Length and Time Scales in Surfactant Solutions

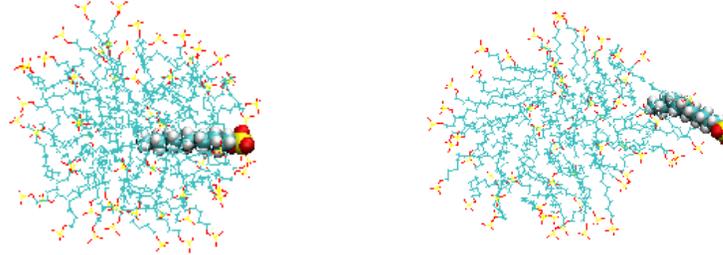


10^{23} degrees of freedom!

Umbrella Sampling

Weighted Histogram Analysis Method (WHAM)

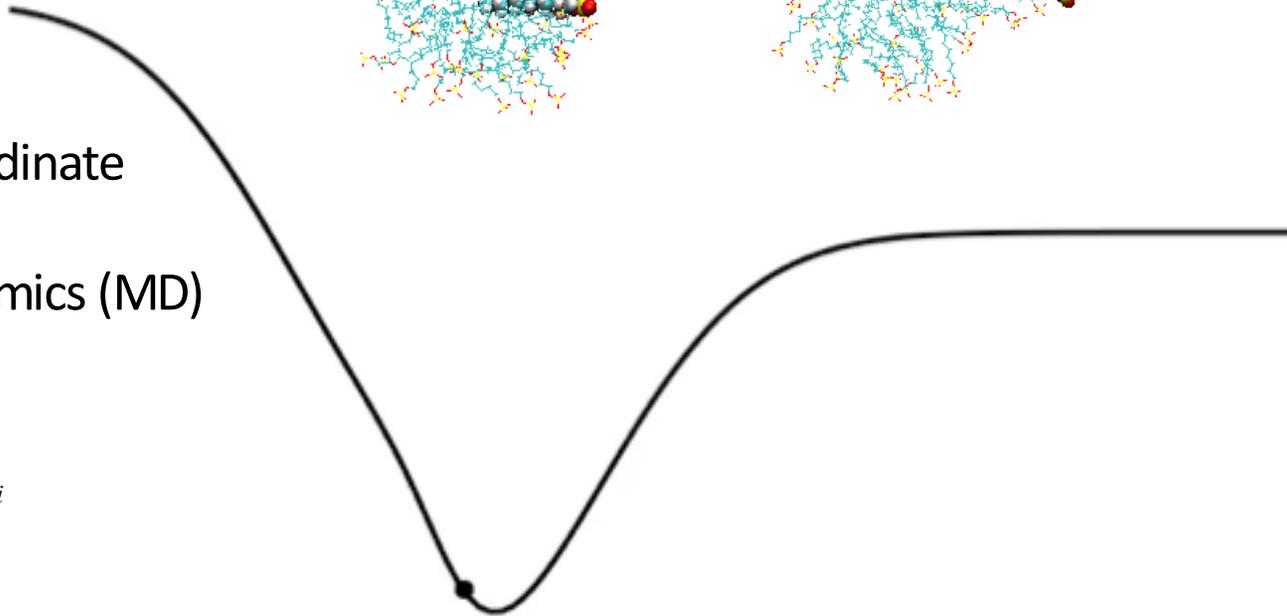
PMF $w(z)$



$z = r$, radial coordinate

molecular dynamics (MD)
simulations:

$$m_i \frac{d^2 \mathbf{v}_i}{dt^2} = \mathbf{f}_i$$



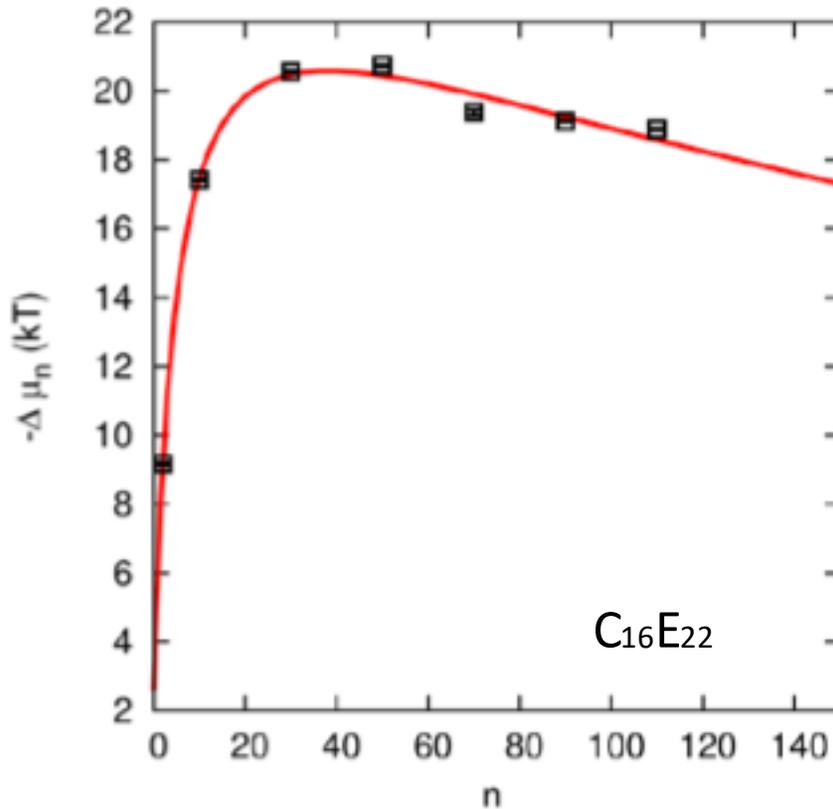
density $\rho(z)$

Video from student Kyle Huston

Micelle Size Distribution

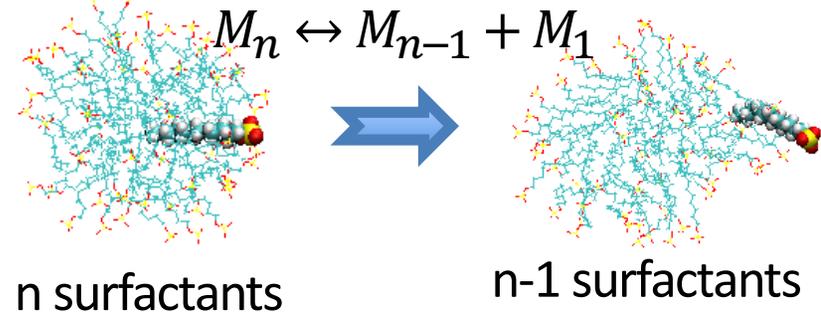
(inferred from potentials of mean force)

Yuan and Larson, JPC B (2015)



$$\text{PMF} = \Delta\mu_n^0 = \mu_n^0 - (\mu_{n-1}^0 + \mu_1^0)$$

$$\mu_n = \mu_n^0 + k_B T \ln(X_n)$$

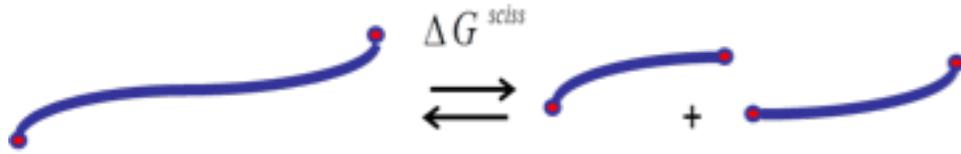


$$X_n = X_1^n \exp\left(-\frac{1}{k_B T} \sum_{j=2}^n \Delta\mu_j^0\right)$$

$$X_n = X_{n-1} X_1 \exp\left(-\frac{\Delta\mu_n^0}{k_B T}\right)$$

Simulation of scission energy using weighted histograms

Peter Koenig,
P&G



Cates, M., & Candau, S., *J. Phys.: Condens. Matter* (1990), 6869.

$$\bar{L} \propto \exp\left(\frac{\Delta G^{sciss}}{kT}\right) \quad c(L) \sim \exp(-L/\bar{L})$$

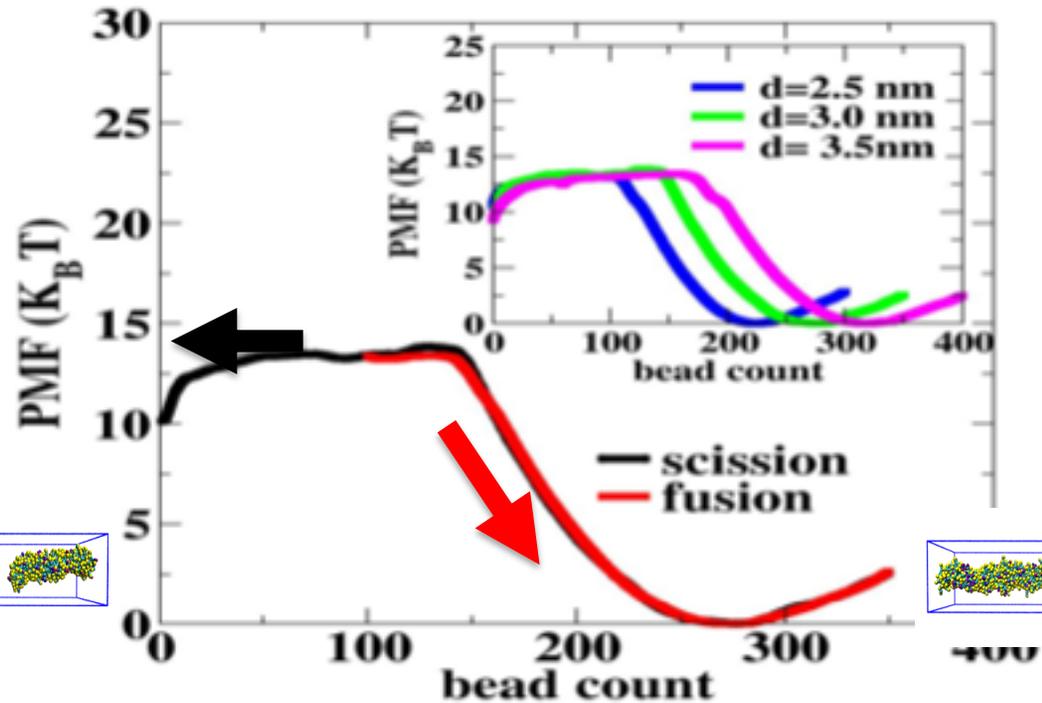
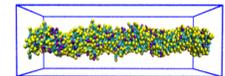
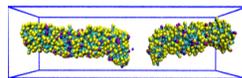
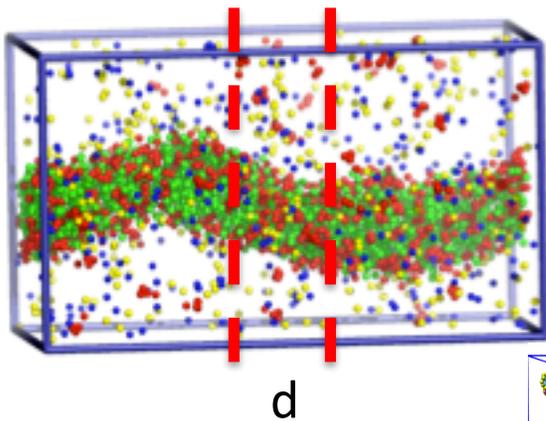
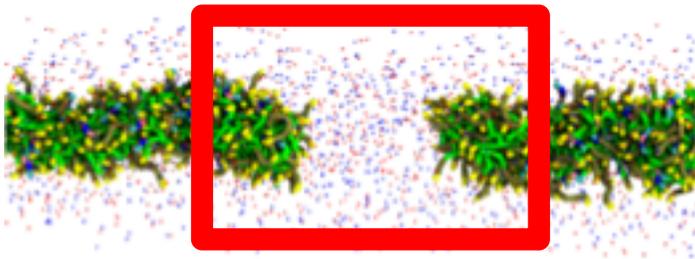
Use bead count in region to bias simulation

towards scission/fusion.
PLUMED, Comp. Phys. Comm.
180 (2009), 1961

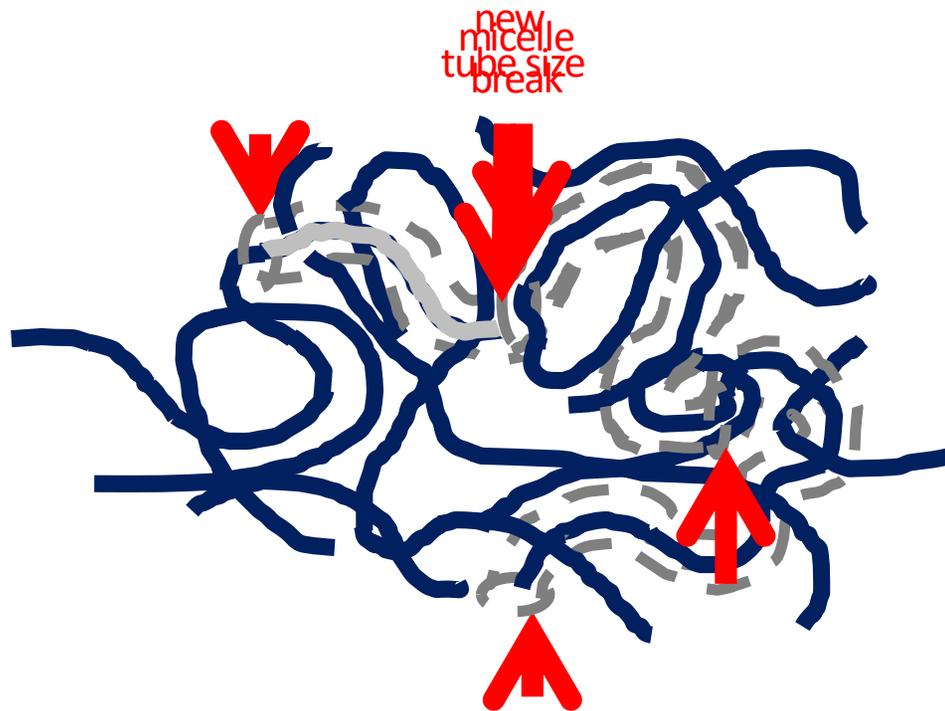


Taraknath Mandal

$$V_s = \frac{1}{2} k(N(\{x_i, y_i, z_i\}, v) - N_0)^2$$



Micellar relaxation dynamics



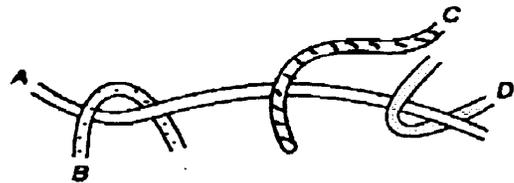
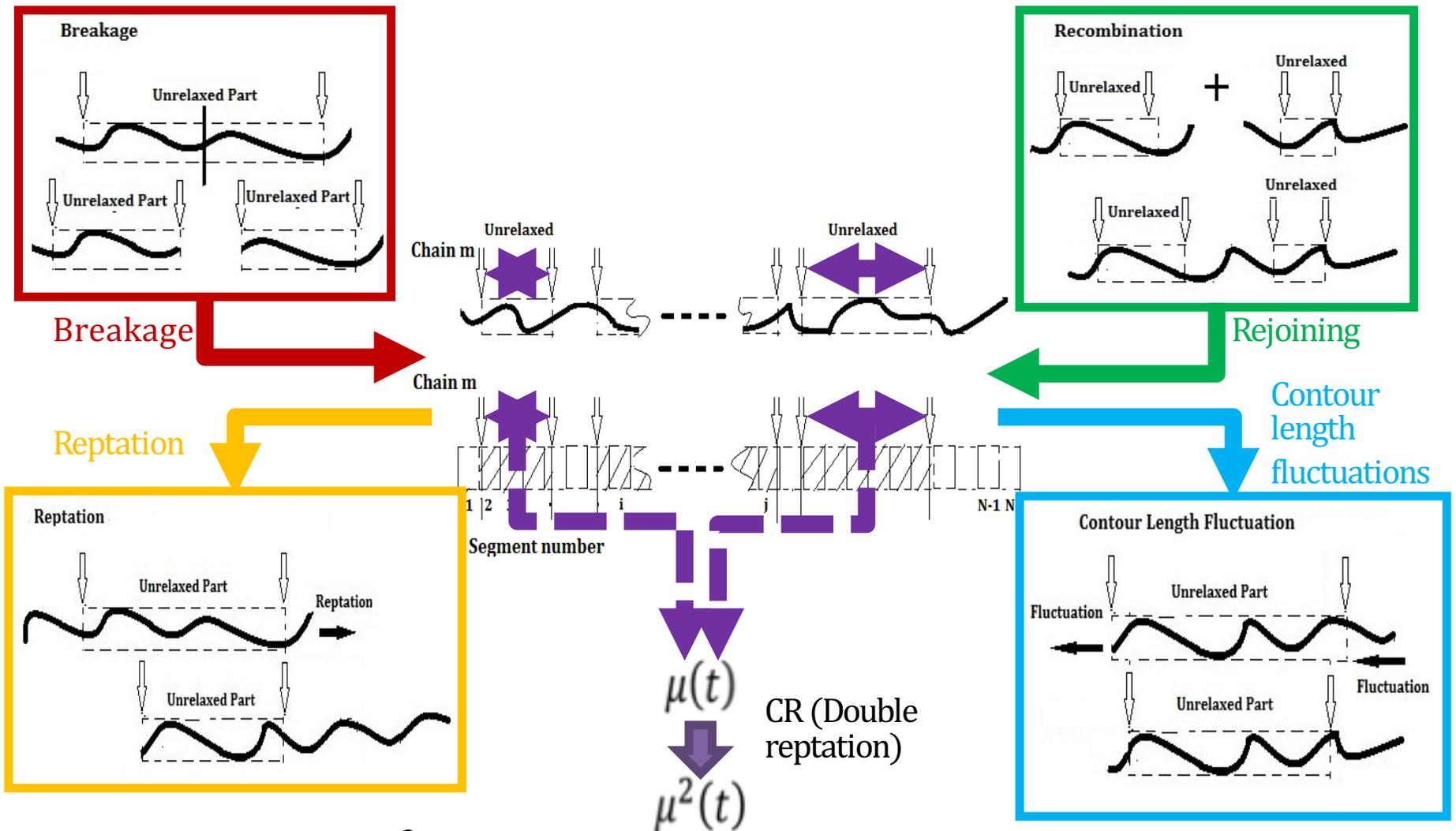
Reptation:
Edwards, De Gennes,
 $\tau_{\text{rep}} \sim L^3$



Micelle breakage &
Re-joining:
M.E. Cates (1989):
 $\tau_{\text{break}} \sim 1/L$

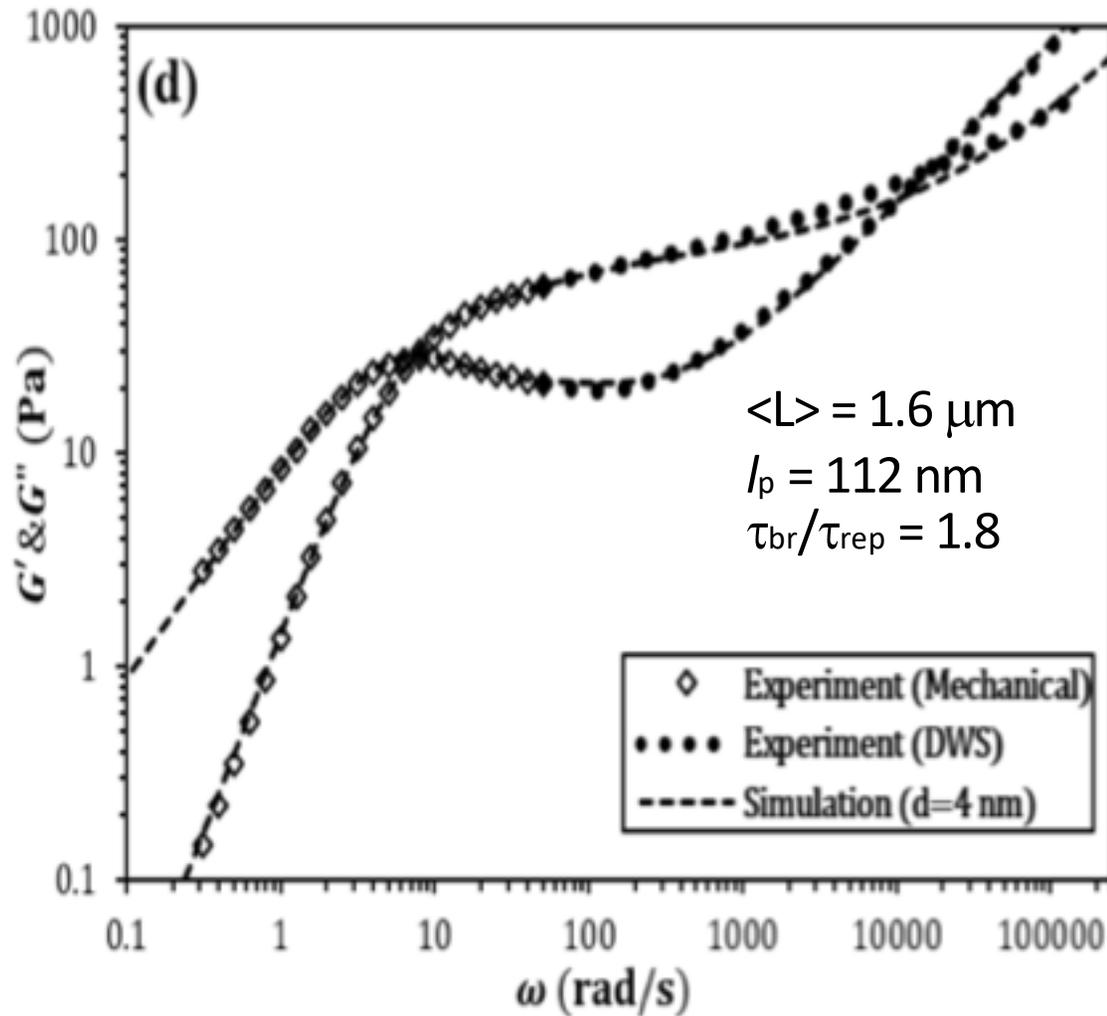


Pointer algorithm: simulation of ensemble of micelles

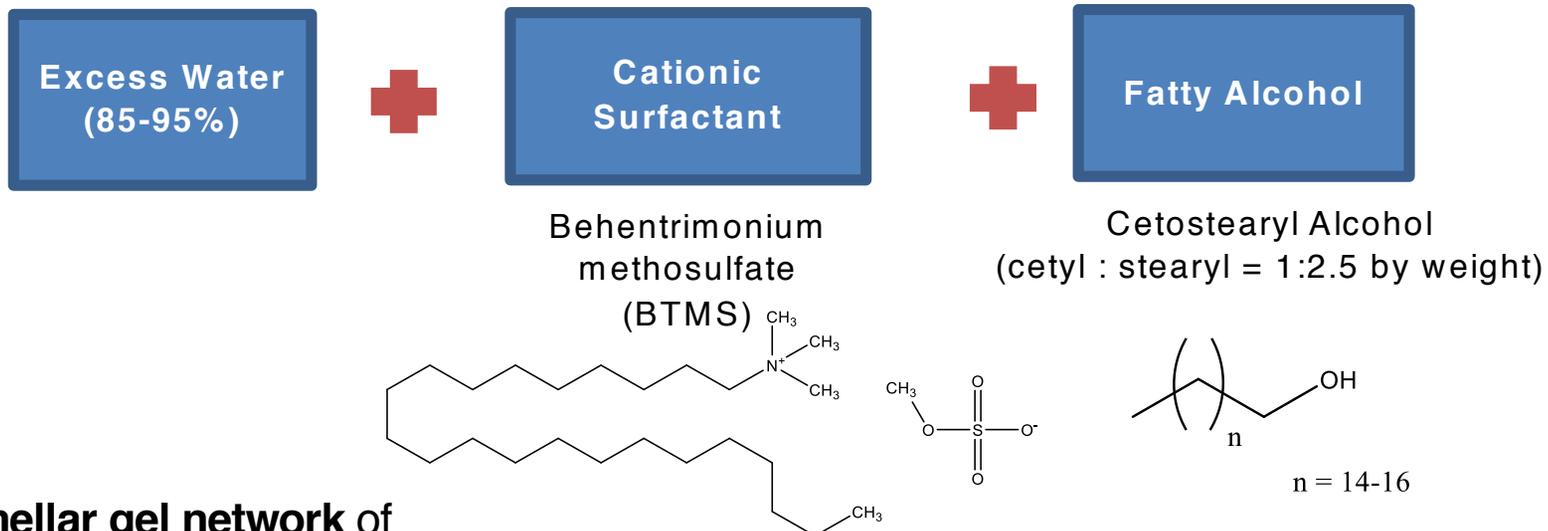


$$G(t) = G_N \mu^2(t) + \text{Rouse} + \text{bending modes}$$

Fitting Data



Procter and Gamble is using this predictive method in their research into design of shampoos and body washes



Forms a **lamellar gel network** of

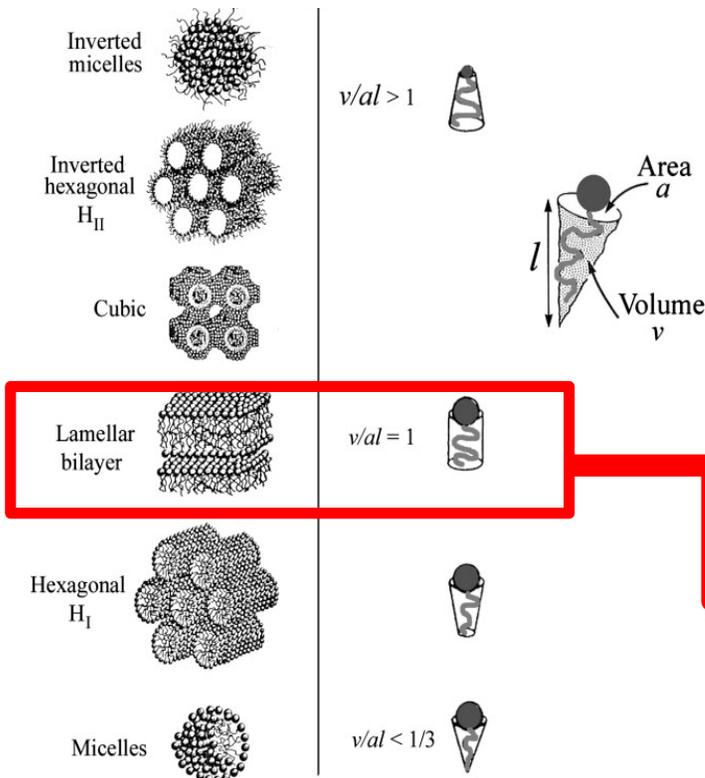
1. regularly spaced bilayers with
2. trapped interlamellar water and bulk water

Additives

- Salts (NaCl/EDTA)
- Perfumes
- Preservatives

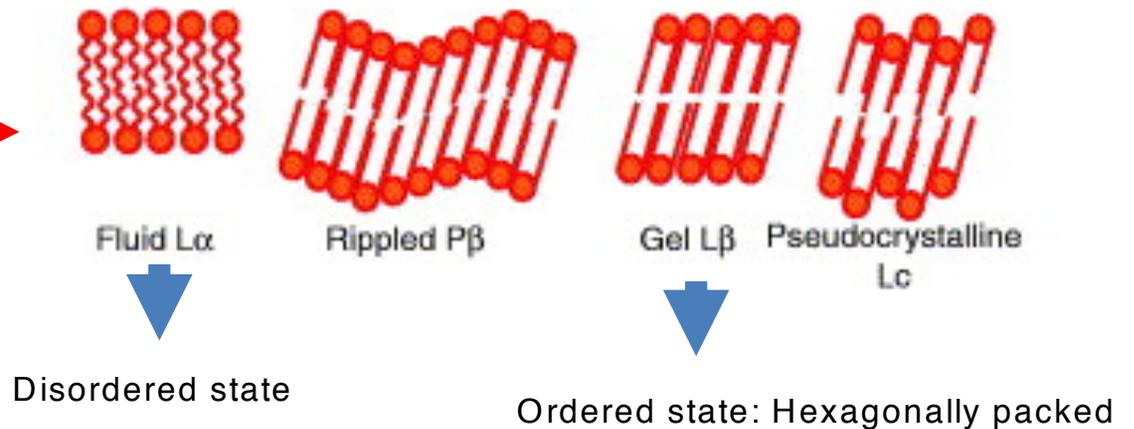


S. Fukushima, M. Takahashi, and M. Yamaguchi, "Effect of cetostearyl alcohol on stabilization of oil-in-water emulsion. I. Difference in the effect by mixing cetyl alcohol with stearyl alcohol," *J. Colloid Interface Sci.*, vol. 57, no. 2, pp. 201–206, 1976.

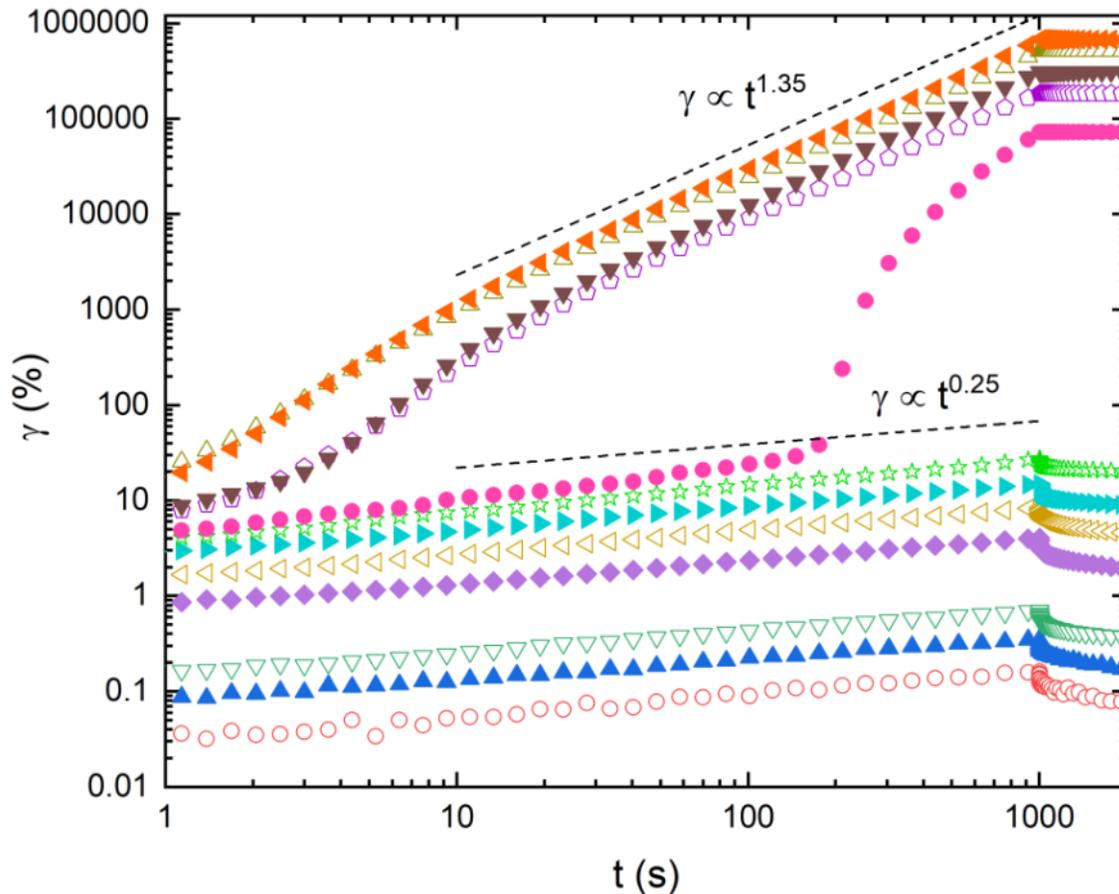


- In these cosmetic emulsions, critical packing parameter ~ 1
 - Form lamellar bilayers
- Two different phases of lamellar bilayer structures depending on the temperature :
 - Liquid crystalline (L_α) phase – above gel transition temperature
 - Gel phase (L_β) phase – below gel transition temperature

Hydrocarbon chains in the bilayer can exist in a number of physical states:



Solid-like Creep Response and “Apparent Yield-Stress”



< 18 Pa	Solid-like creep response, with $\gamma \propto t^{0.25}$	Partial strain recovery
> 18 Pa	Apparent yielding behavior, with $\gamma \propto t^{1.35}$	No strain recovery, flows like a fluid

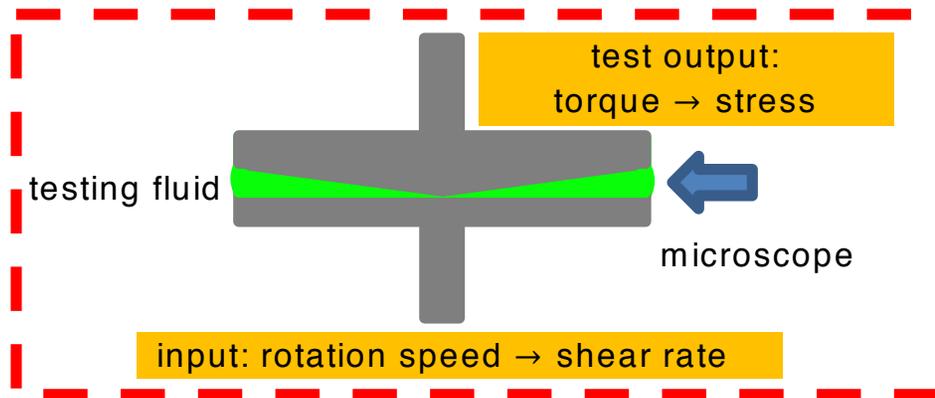
σ (Pa)	
○ 0.25 Pa	▲ 0.5 Pa
▽ 1 Pa	◆ 5 Pa
△ 10 Pa	▲ 15 Pa
☆ 16 Pa	● 18 Pa
◇ 19 Pa	▼ 20 Pa
△ 23 Pa	▲ 25 Pa

Materials:

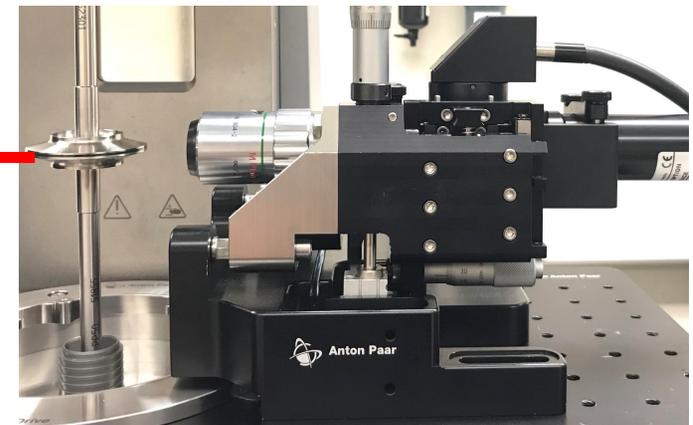
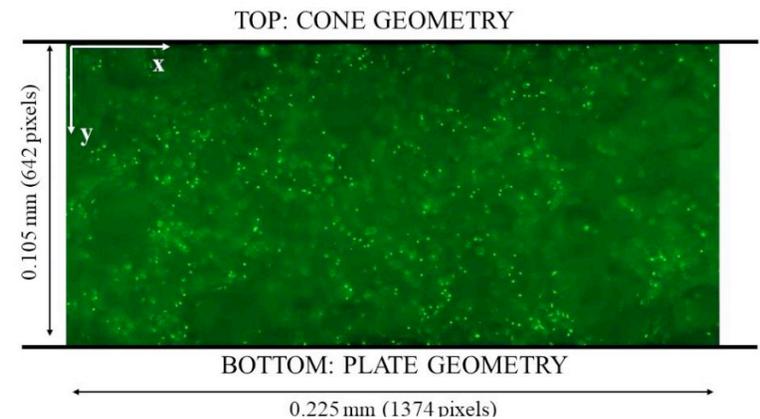
Ternary system lamellar gel network seeded with fluorescent tracer particles (diameter 1.5 μm , 0.1 vol%).

Instruments:

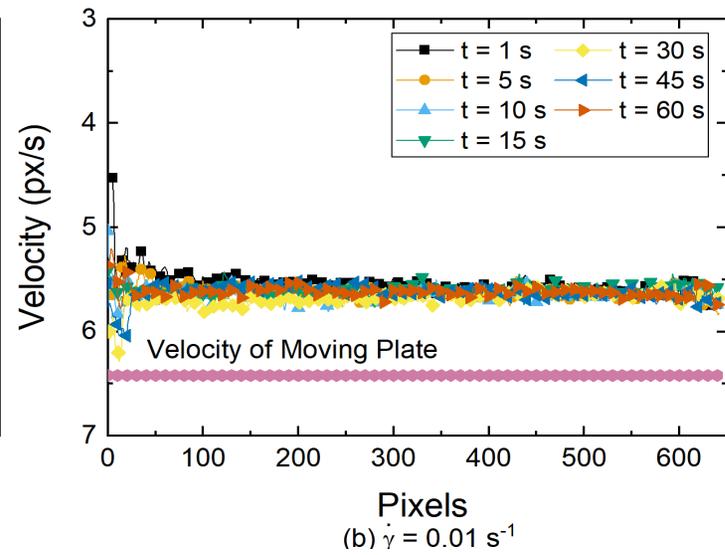
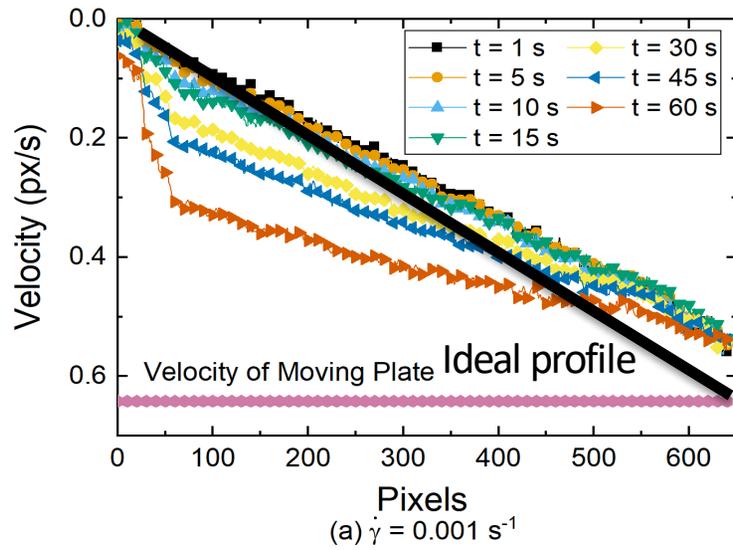
- MCR 702 rheometer
- Cone (2°) and plate geometry
- Fluorescent microscope



Example of velocimetry raw data



Shear banding



Plug flow



END